The impact of digitization on government services in Egypt Application ... Construction Reconciliation Law ...

Designing a Model for Building Legal Evaluation And make a bar code that carries the construction information for the building

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Abstract:

The application of electronic management at the level of the public and private service sectors has become a service revolution and represents an inevitable and indispensable trend in the era of technology and the digitization of all areas of life, and has resulted in the development and modernization of many public and private sectors alike, and since the regional groups are among the most important administrative bodies in the state As the link between the government and the citizen at the local level and the primary responsible for providing administrative services to citizens, the government has recently paid attention to what is called the digitization of government services and the national economy, and the government has taken great steps to keep pace with the times, and despite all that has been accomplished, there are some challenges that stand in Facing the digitization process, especially with regard to its generalization and applications among the elderly and people with limited culture, as well as in the countryside, which called on experts to propose solutions through video and audio programs, which bring positive results with the application of artificial intelligence programs, which make such groups interact quickly and accurately. High with these agencies. In light of the government's endeavor to confront the phenomenon of the spread of corruption in official institutions, Egypt has taken important steps that push the shift towards Electronic services, to reduce the costs of government and individual transactions, to facilitate and speed up services, and to raise the standard of living.

Keywords:

Electonic management; electronic municipality; digitization; modernization; Biometric electronic documents

The Introduction

Electronic management is one of the concepts of the digital revolution that leads us to the era of knowledge, and it is the product of a qualitative development produced by modern communication technologies, in the light of information, and the need to employ modern technology in the management of e-commerce, public brigades and ministries through the radical media in traditional management concepts.

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Goodbye and brave economic growth?

Digitizing government services will eliminate millions of people

Financial trade between government ministries, where he allocated in transportation, which makes to cancel millions of current public transactions.

emptiness of emptiness.

Municipal employees . There are some beneficiaries of governmental government services, and this is in our subject matter of research, which is the arbitrary judgments made by the inspectors on the prefabricated buildings. US forces in the elections.

Research problem

In light of the instructions of Mr. President to prevent unauthorized slums, buildings and roles.. Instructions and distributions. Instructions and assigning individuals to deal directly with the people.. But due to the difference in the psychology of individuals and arbitrary provisions and the issuance of some buildings and architectural constructions arbitrary rulings according to their personal desires and whims.

Research Aims

- A live study of the laws and provisions for issuing violations in force within the Arab Republic of Egypt, especially within the Kafr El-Sheikh Governorate.
- Connecting to the intellectual content in solving the problem, which is the arbitrary assessment and the issuance of waste through demolition or a fine.
- Creating an electronic form by providing the program with the necessary information about the violating building. The program is loaded with fixed information from the general rules and rules and by the Maatit equation. Laws specifying the walls of the violation, the type and amount of the fine, the rules in force for rules and laws, not personal whims or nepotism.
- Create a special bar code.

Research hypotheses

- The search for the existing relationship and the degree of correlation between governmental and governmental digitization is assumed from the laws and provisions of violations existing in the Arab Republic of Egypt.
- Extent, impact and impact of each of the government services, for example.
- The impact of digitizing government services on corruption laws and issuing rulings.
- The research is based on a contemporary vision in a lively vision of the laws and provisions of issuance in force within the Arab Republic of Egypt, especially within the Kafr El-Sheikh Governorate.

Research Importance

Statement of public relations between the two countries.

Analysis and extrapolation of the current parameters of the laws and provisions for issuing violations in force within the Arab Republic of Egypt, especially within the Kafr El-Sheikh Governorate.

Connecting to the intellectual content in solving the problem, which is the arbitrary assessment and the issuance of waste through demolition or a fine.

Canada stands on the path of trade, acceptance of trust and ease of life.

Research Methodology

It saves current information from the laws and provisions of issuing warehouses within the Arab Republic of Egypt and at the discount within the Kafr El-Sheikh governorate.

Research axes

- o Guide to the current landmarks of laws and provisions for issuing violations in force within the Arab Republic of Egypt, especially within the Kafr El-Sheikh governorate.
- o Connecting to the intellectual content in solving the problem, which is the arbitrary assessment and the issuance of waste through demolition or a fine. ejhttps://www.syshathia.com.

Results

- 1- The electronic management came as a result of multiple developments, information and communication technology had the best luck, and it performs the same tasks as the traditional administration, but through a unified electronic style.
- 2- The multiplicity of objectives through the application of these modern technologies, which revolve around reducing administrative complications, and strengthening transparency, speed and accuracy in transactions.
- 3- The application of these modern technologies requires the provision of the basic infrastructure for its establishment, which is represented in a number of necessary requirements such as providing a communications network and automated computers, expanding the spread and quality of the Internet, enacting laws and regulations specific to this field, preparing the qualified human element and others.
- 4- Among the most important obstacles that prevent it from achieving it, in addition to the lack of infrastructure, there is a limited awareness-raising work on the importance of this project, activating knowledge management, and not providing the necessary support related to the prices of electronic equipment, communication devices and others.
- 5- Concerning the e-government project in Algeria, which has exceeded three years since its launch, it is considered a number of obstacles preventing its realization, the most important of which are the lack of completion of the communications infrastructure, the limited spread of the Internet and the enactment of laws regulating this field.
- 6- The connection of public administration with the development of information and communication technology has resulted in the so-called "e-government", which is an urgent necessity for all governments to keep pace with the progress made in the field of administration, and to improve the level of public service.
- 7- To keep pace with global development, Algeria launched its e-government initiative, which included a set of goals and a set of mechanisms for their implementation, and the failure to materialize the government project within the deadlines set for it is due to the lack of control over the implementation mechanisms, which led to the failure of public policy in this field.
- 8- Algeria is making great efforts to provide the infrastructure for e-government, but the failure to complete major programs such as generalizing rapid flow, providing legal protection and the regulatory legal framework, and providing trained frameworks for the implementation of the project, are all factors that led to the failure of the e-government scheme in Algeria in the short term. specified for him.
- 9- Many public institutions in Algeria provide some electronic services to citizens, such as the financial services of the Algeria Post, banks and electronic justice sector services such as the criminal record service, the healing card service, the education sector services and others, but the Algerian citizen and the business sector aspire to more services, .

- 10- Algeria has human and material potentials, and its proper use will have positive effects on the e-government project
- 11- Algeria worked to build the information society in Algeria, and focused its interests on the generalization of the use of the Internet and automated information through many programs such as the generalization of the use of optical fibers and fast flow, and the failure of these projects is one of the strongest reasons for the delay of the e-government project.
- 12- The delay in completing the infrastructure for information and communication technology and the spread of computer illiteracy in Algeria led to the widening of the digital divide, which is one of the challenges of e-government in countries

Recommendations

- 1- The necessity of effective investment in information and communication technology, providing the necessary infrastructure to build a strong e-government, which requires the spread of the Internet, providing laws and regulations that sponsor this technology, and developing and qualifying the human element to take care of all the technical issues generated by digital uses within the distinguished cyberspace.
- 2- The necessity of sensitizing and educating citizens about the benefits of these modern technologies and providing them with the necessary facilities regarding the costs of acquiring the necessary equipment.
- 3- The various fields of business today are in dire need more than others to take advantage of these technologies and engage in the digital economy thanks to the ease and speed it provides to them in conducting local and international transactions with minimal effort and costs.
- 4- The necessity of urgently finding solutions to the obstacles, especially in light of Algeria's expected accession to the World Trade Organization and its promising aspirations for the multiple European and regional partnerships.
- 5- E-government is a project that cannot be reproduced, or imitated just to keep pace with the times. Rather, it is a system based on a clear strategy that includes goals that take into account the privacy of society, its needs, and the available capabilities, and this is to increase the chances of the project's success.
- 6- Intensifying efforts to overcome the problem of illiteracy in Algeria, as it is one of the biggest challenges facing the e-government project
- 7- Solving problems related to information security for public institutions through cooperation and coordination among them, and benefiting from international experiences in this field, as well as security issues related to the citizen to gain his confidence as an important element in the success of the e-government scheme.
- 8- Disseminating the fast-flowing Internet to ensure the quality and speed of communication, improve the quality of electronic service, and provide free Internet, especially in the education and health sector.
- 9- Intensifying awareness campaigns about the importance of modern information and communication technologies, and the benefits they provide to individuals and institutions.
- 10- Paying attention to the human element as a tool that contributes to the implementation of the e-government program through intensive training and awareness programs for employees and administrative leaders, and for the citizen, given that the e-government project is directed

at him primarily, and the success of this project is linked to the citizen's awareness of it and its interaction with it.

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